#### NORTH WEST DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT. FARMER SUPPORT SERVICES.

Calibration of the Boomsprayer

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#### **PRESENTATION OUTLINE**

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

- 2. REQUIREMENTS
- 3. PREPARATION BEFORE CALIBRATION
- 4. CALIBRATION PROCESS
- 5. CONCLUSION





## **1. INTRODUCTION**

Boom sprayer is equipment used to spray agro-chemical solution such as the herbicides to control weeds.

- To calibrate simply means, to adjust a sprayer equipment in a correct way in order to spray the right quantity of the herbicide solution.
- Incorrect calibration of the boosprayer may result in under or over application of the herbicide solution leading to:
  - Waste of time
  - Waste of herbicide.
  - Herbicide injury on both human and Crops
  - High input cost
  - health and environmental hazard
  - Poor weed control.





#### **1. REQUIREMENTS**

- >A tractor in good working condition.
- Boomsprayer with working pressure gauge.
- ➤Tape measure or measuring wheel to measure a distance of 100 meters under application conditions on the ground.
- Stop watch to determine the time taken by a tractor to cover a distance of 100 m.
- Calculator, work book and a pen for working out basic calculations.
- >Measuring beaker for harvesting water from the nozzles.





## **2. REQUIREMENTS**

- Herbicide label or a book (Guide to the use of herbicide which is available fro AVCA) which is used to provide information on the herbicide to be used.
- $\succ$ Clean water which mixes well with the herbicide to be applied.
- Workers at lest three more people who can help in the calibration process.
- Provide enough time in order to carryout the process without any mistake.





## **3. PREPARATIONS**

- Fill the the boomsprayer tank with clean water and run the pump at 300 kpa or 3 bars.
- Open the valve and allow the nozzles to spray water while the tractor is not moving.
- >Inspect the whole boomsprayer system for any leaks (oil and water).
- Inspect all the nozzles for any blockages or inconsistency of water output.
- Attend to all the problems before the actual calibration process takes place





# **4 CALIBRATION PROCESS**

Measure a distance of 100 meters on a ground with a measuring tape and mark this clearly by white tags so that you can clearly see the beginning and ending of a tractor's strip.

➢Run a tractor at a recommended constant speed (8 to 9 km/h) over the measured distance. Repeat this exercise not on the same wheel tracks made during the previous trip, as this will influence a speed of a tractor. After a second trip, record the average time taken to cover the trips.

➢Now with a tractor in stationary, operate a pump of the boom sprayer at a recommended pressure of 300 kpa or 3 bars and allow the nozzles to operate.





## **4 CALIBRATION PROCESS cont.**

- Randomly select a representative number of nozzles over the width of the boomsprayer and determine volume of water per nozzle (each nozzle output) using a plastic beaker, under application pressure within a given time. Determine the average output of the selected representative nozzles.
- Determine the working or spray width (WW) by measuring the width of a boomsprayer using the measuring tape or using the following calculation: (Width = Number of nozzles (NN) on boomsprayer X spacing in between the







#### **4 Calibration process cont.**

 Calculate the complete coverage (quantity of water to be sprayed per hactare) using the following formula)

Volum of water per ha = <u>100 X NN X NO</u>

WW

NN = Number of nozzles on the boomNO = Nozzle outputWW = Working width

• Calculate the quantity of herbicide required to be mixed in a tank full of water using the following formula:

Quantity= <u>Tank capacity x Recommended herbicide dosage rate</u> Volume of water application per hectare







# THE END



