

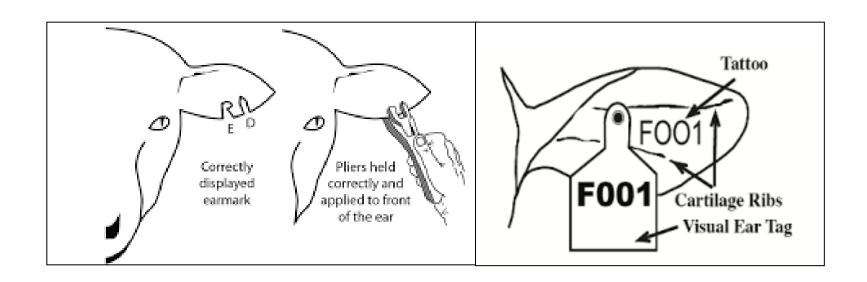
agriculture & rural development

Department:

Agriculture and Rural DevelopmentNorth West Provincial Government **REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**



LIVESTOCK IDENTIFICATION



Technology Development and Transfer

Date: 26 JULY 2022

venue: Milton

Presenter: TF Kekana

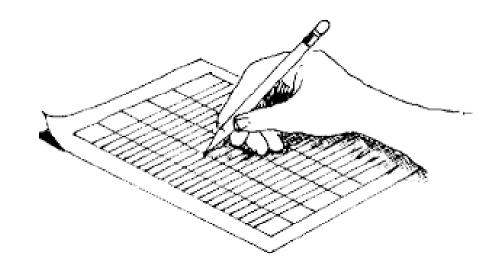




Introduction

Livestock are marked using assorted marks, reasons which include:

- 1.To prove ownership
- 2. Record keeping







Methods of identification

Ear notches

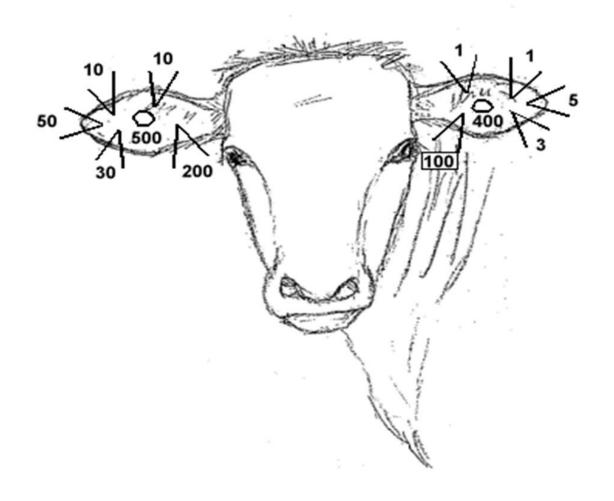
- •It is easiest and cheapest methods of identification.
- •It has been proved to be the best means of first marking new born animals.

A commercial ear-clipper is used.

 Animals are marked according to a standard system (figure 1) in a numerical order



Ear notches







Tattooing

- Tattoos are made using spiked letters placed in a pliers like instrument.
- The area where the tattoo is to be applied is the ear (figure 3).
- Tattoo paste, liquid or black stove polish is rubbed vigorously in the hole.
- Tattoo are permanent.
- First owner can put the tattoo on the left ear and second owner on the right ear.



Tattooing







Ear tags

- They are easy to apply/insert.
- They get lost, become illegible and soiled.









Brandings

- Calves must be brand marked at the age of six months.
- Cattle are branded on the
 1st Lower part of the left thigh,
 2nd owner on the left foreleg,
 3rd owner on the right thigh,
 4th the fourth owner on the right lower foreleg.
- Cattle must be branded in order to qualify for breed societies registration.





Different methods of branding

Hot iron branding

- •Branding iron are made by mild steel or stainless steel.
- •The height of the letters should be approximately 70mm (Livestock Brands Act) and space between letters is 12.5 mm.
- •Branding irons are welded on to steel rods about 1 meter long.
- •Irons should be red-hot when used and gas fires are also used satisfactory (figure 5)





Hot iron branding











Freeze branding

- Copper-alloy branding irons are cooled in liquid nitrogen (figure 7)
- The hair is clipped or shaved as short as possible over the area where the brand is to be applied (figure 8).
- The area must be moistened by methylated spirits
- The cold irons are applied for a fixed time period about 20 seconds.
- The pigments producing cells in the skin are destroyed and white hair will grow over the brand.





Freeze branding









Freeze branding







Conclusion

- Accurate animal identification system are the basis of data collection and is necessary for management practices.
- Identification within a flock/herd is valuable to producers and management to make logical decision based on animal records.
- All identification methods can be useful when used in a correct manner.





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